



B.K. BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION

SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS
A CBSE DAY-CUM-BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL

TERM 1 (2026-27)

GRADE IV

ENGLISH SET 2

Class: IV

Date: 12.09.26

Admission no:

Time: 3hr

Max Marks: 40

Roll no:

General Instructions:

1. The question paper contains four section- Reading Skills, Writing Skills, Grammar and Literature.
2. Attempt questions based on specific instructions for each part.

SECTION A: READING SKILLS (10 MARKS)

I. Read the passage carefully then answer the question:

Television, commonly called **TV**, is one of the most popular sources of information and entertainment. It brings the world into our homes by showing news, educational programmes, cartoons, sports, documentaries, and movies. People of all ages enjoy watching television because it offers something interesting for everyone.

Television helps us learn many new things. Educational channels teach subjects like science, history, geography, and nature in a simple and enjoyable way. News channels keep us informed about important events happening in our country and around the world. Wildlife programmes introduce us to different animals, birds, and plants, while travel shows help us explore famous places without leaving our homes.

Television is also a great source of entertainment. Children enjoy watching cartoons and quiz shows, while families often watch movies and talent shows together. Many sports lovers watch live matches of cricket, football, tennis, and other games on television. Watching programmes together also gives families an opportunity to spend quality time with one another.

However, television should be watched wisely. Watching TV for long hours can affect our eyes, reduce physical activity, and leave less time for studies or outdoor games. Children should watch age-appropriate programmes and limit their screen time. They should also balance television with reading books, playing outside, and spending time with family and friends.

When used properly, television is a useful learning tool. It helps us gain knowledge, improves our understanding of the world, and introduces us to different cultures and ideas. Watching the right programmes at the right time can make learning enjoyable and meaningful.

1. Television is one of the most popular sources of:

- a) homework and exams
- b) information and entertainment
- c) transport and travel
- d) shopping

2. News channels keep us informed about:

- a) only sports
- b) only cartoons
- c) important events happening in our country and around the world
- d) only movies

2. Watching TV for long hours can:

- a) improve eyesight b) affect our eyes c) make us taller d) help us sleep more

3. Wildlife programmes introduce us to:

- a) famous buildings b) different animals, birds, and plants c) sports players d) schools

4. Write True or False.

1. Television only shows cartoons. **False.**
2. News channels keep us informed about important events. **True**
3. Watching TV for long hours can affect our eyes. **True**
4. Children should watch age-appropriate programmes. **True**
5. Television helps us understand different cultures and ideas. **True**

5. Fill in the blanks:

(5x1=5)

- a. Television is one of the most popular sources of **information** and entertainment.
b. Educational channels teach science, history, geography, and **nature**.

SECTION B: WRITING SKILLS (7 MARKS)

II. The picture given hereby requires you to write a short story based on the given picture in about 70- 90 words.

(4)

You may use help words:

Fun, garden, home, play, grandfather, school, happy, praised.



Sample story: A Day in Grandpa's Garden

One sunny morning, Aarav visited his grandfather's garden. Grandpa taught him that plants need water, sunlight, and care to grow. Aarav happily helped water the plants and remove weeds. After a few weeks, the garden was filled with fresh vegetables. Aarav felt proud that he had helped. He learned that hard work, patience, and caring for nature always bring sweet rewards. Moral: Hard work and patience always bear fruit.

III. Look at the picture. What do you think the two children are saying to each other?

(3)

Write the dialogue below:

Boy 1: **Wow! Look at the giraffe. It is so tall!**

Boy 2: **Yes! It has a very long neck.**

Boy 1: **It is eating leaves from the tree.**



SECTION C: GRAMMAR (13 MARKS)

IV. Do as directed

(10)

- 1) She is **an** honest girl. (Fill in the blank with the correct article: a / an / the.)

2) The teacher checked Anaya's notebook. (Rewrite the sentence and underline the possessive noun.)

Ans. The teacher checked Anaya's notebook. (Underline Anaya's – it is the possessive noun.)

3) See – Saw (Write the Past Tense of the verb.)

4) A cluster of stars. (Write the collective noun.)

V. Follow the instructions given.

(2 × 3 = 6)

1. a) She had an umbrella. (Fill in the blank with: a / an / the.)

b) Then write the noun. Noun: umbrella

2. Complete the sentence by following the directions given in the bracket.

a) Riya is happier than Meera. (Write the comparative degree of 'happy'.)

b) The doctor who treated my brother was very kind. (Fill in the blank with *who* or *which*.)

3. Change the tense as directed.

a) The children are watching television. (Change into Present Simple Tense.)

Ans. The children watch television.

b) She sings beautifully every day. (Change into Present Continuous Tense.)

Ans. She is singing beautifully.

SECTION D: LITERATURE (13 MARKS)

VI. Write the meanings and make the sentence of each of the following words:

(5)

1) News 2) Adversities 3) poised 4) Dreary 5) Leap

1) News – information about recent events or something that has happened.

Example: The good news made everyone smile.

2) Adversities – difficulties or hard times that a person faces.

Example: She faced many adversities but never gave up.

3) Poised – calm, confident, and ready to act.

Example: The dancer stood poised before the performance began.

4) Dreary – dull, gloomy, or making you feel sad.

Example: The sky looked dreary before the rain started.

5) Leap – to jump high or a long distance.

Example: The rabbit took a big leap over the log.

VII. Read the sentences and answer the questions:

(2x2=4)

1) "*Where are you taking our water?*"

a) Who was talking and to whom? Ans. Ranj was talking/asking to the tanker guard.

b) Where was the water being taken? Ans. The water was being taken to the city.

2) '*We'll break your pump!*'

a) Who says these words to whom?

Ans. Ranj says/shouted these words to the tanker guard.

b) Where does Ranj finally find the water?

Ans. Ranj finally finds the water in the tank that she and Sapna had drawn on their map but had not yet visited.

VIII. Answer the questions-

(1x4=4)

1. What made the tank in Ranj's village almost dry?

Ans. There were no rains due to late monsoons and this made the tank in Ranj's village almost dry.

2. What does the white butterfly in the poem "The Voice of Spring" signify?

Ans. The white butterfly in the poem "The Voice of Spring" represents the arrival of spring, beauty, and new life. It shows that nature is becoming fresh, colourful, and full of happiness after winter.

3. Who falls ill at the end of the story? Why?

Ans. Luke feels ill at the end of the story as he was in the cold weather in the Arctic region.

4. How do we read Braille?

Ans. We read Braille by feeling the raised dots with our fingertips.

-----ALL THE BEST-----